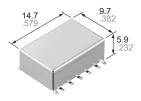
anasonic

1 GHz capable, 3 W carrying power (at 1 GHz), 50Ω impedance and 2 Form C relays

RA RELAYS (ARA)



mm inch

Protective construction: Sealed type

FEATURES

- 1. High frequency characteristics (Impedance 50Ω, ~1.0GHz)
 - Insertion loss; Max. 0.3dB
 - · Isolation; Min. 20dB (Between open contacts) Min. 30dB

(Between contact sets)

• V.S.W.R.; Max. 1.2

2. Surface mount terminal

This relay is a surface-mounted model with excellent high-frequency properties. In addition, it can use a microstrip line in the base circuit design which spares the labor of machining the base.

3. Low profile small type 9.7(W)×14.7(L)×5.9(H) mm .382(W)×.579(L)×.232(H) inch

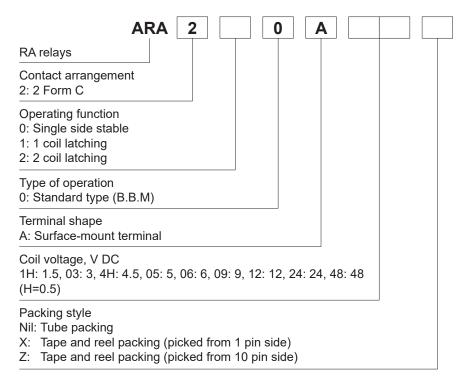
- 4. High sensitivity: 140 mW nominal operating power (Single side stable, 2 coil latching)
- 5. High contact reliability Electrical life: Min. 107 (10mA 10V DC)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Measurement market Oscilloscope attenuator circuit
- **Communication market** Antenna switching, All types of wireless devices

If you consider using applications with low level loads or with high frequency switching, please consult us.

ORDERING INFORMATION



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TYPES

1. Tube packing

Contact	Rated voltage	Part No.		Standard packing		
arrangement	Rated voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching	Tube	Case
	1.5 V DC	ARA200A1H	ARA210A1H	ARA220A1H		
	3 V DC	ARA200A03	ARA210A03	ARA220A03		
	4.5 V DC	ARA200A4H	ARA210A4H	ARA220A4H		
	5 V DC	ARA200A05	ARA210A05	ARA220A05		
2 Form C	6 V DC	ARA200A06	ARA210A06	ARA220A06	40 pcs.	1,000 pcs.
	9 V DC	ARA200A09	ARA210A09	ARA220A09		
	12 V DC	ARA200A12	ARA210A12	ARA220A12		
	24 V DC	ARA200A24	ARA210A24	ARA220A24	i	
	48 V DC	ARA200A48	_	_		

2. Tape and reel packing

Contact	Rated voltage	Part No.			Standard packing	
arrangement	Rated voltage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching	Tape and reel	Case
	1.5 V DC	ARA200A1HZ	ARA210A1HZ	ARA220A1HZ		
	3 V DC	ARA200A03Z	ARA210A03Z	ARA220A03Z		
	4.5 V DC	ARA200A4HZ	ARA210A4HZ	ARA220A4HZ		
	5 V DC	ARA200A05Z	ARA210A05Z	ARA220A05Z		
2 Form C	6 V DC	ARA200A06Z	ARA210A06Z	ARA220A06Z	500 pcs.	1,000 pcs
	9 V DC	ARA200A09Z	ARA210A09Z	ARA220A09Z		
	12 V DC	ARA200A12Z	ARA210A12Z	ARA220A12Z		
	24 V DC	ARA200A24Z	ARA210A24Z	ARA220A24Z		
	48 V DC	ARA200A48Z	_	_	1	

Note: Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1-pin side) is also available.

RATING

1.Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.
- Therefore, please use the relay within ± 5% of rated coil voltage.
- · 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

1) Single side stable

Rated voltage	Pick-up voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5 V DC			93.8 mA	16 Ω		
3 V DC			46.7 mA	64.3Ω		
4.5 V DC	1		31 mA	145 Ω		
5 V DC	75%V or less of	10%V or more of rated voltage	28.1 mA	178 Ω	140 mW	150%V of rated voltage
6 V DC	rated voltage		23.3 mA	257 Ω		150 % V of faled voltage
9 V DC	(initial)	(initial)	15.5 mA	579 Ω		
12 V DC			11.7 mA	1,028 Ω		
24 V DC			8.3 mA	2,880 Ω	200 mW	
48 V DC			6.3 mA	7,680 Ω	300 mW	120%V of rated voltage

^{*} Square, pulse drive (JIS C5442-1996)

2) 1 coil latching

Z) i oon latering							
Rated voltage	Set voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	
1.5 V DC			46.9 mA	32 Ω			
3 V DC		75%V or less of rated voltage (initial)		23.3 mA	128.6Ω		
4.5 V DC			15.6 mA	289.3Ω			
5 V DC	rated voltage rated vol		rated voltage	14 mA	357 Ω	70 mW	150%V of rated voltage
6 V DC				11.7 mA	514 Ω		150% V OF Taled Vollage
9 V DC			7.8 mA	1,157 Ω			
12 V DC			5.8 mA	2,057 Ω			
24 V DC			4.2 mA	5,760 Ω	100 mW		

^{*} Square, pulse drive (JIS C5442-1996)

3) 2 coil latching

o) 2 con latering						
Rated voltage	Set voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage* (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
1.5 V DC			93.8 mA	16 Ω		
3 V DC			46.7 mA	64.3Ω		
4.5 V DC		75%V or less of rated voltage	31 mA	145 Ω		
5 V DC	75%V or less of		28.1 mA	178 Ω	140 mW	1500/1/ of roted voltage
6 V DC	rated voltage (initial)		(initial)	23.3 mA	257 Ω	
9 V DC	(()	15.5 mA	579 Ω		
12 V DC			11.7 mA	1,028 Ω		
24 V DC			8.3 mA	2,880 Ω	200 mW	

^{*} Square, pulse drive (JIS C5442-1996)

2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
	Arrangement		2 Form C		
	Contact resistance (initial)		Max. 75mΩ (By voltage drop 6V DC 1A)		
	Contact materia	al	Stationary: AgPd + Au clad, Movable: AgPd		
Contact data	Contact rating (resistive)	10mA 10V DC, 1A 30V DC		
	Contact input p	ower	3W (at 1GHz, impedance 50Ω, V.S.W.R. max.1.2)		
	Max. switching	voltage	30V DC		
	Max. switching	current	1A (DC)		
High frequency	Isolation	Between open contacts	Min. 20dB		
characteristics	Isolation	Between contact sets	Min. 30dB		
(initial) (~1GHz,	Insertion loss (without D.U.T. board's loss)	Max. 0.3dB		
Impedance 50Ω)	V.S.W.R.		Max. 1.2		
Insulation resistand	e (initial)		Min. 100MΩ (at 500V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric voltage.)		
	Between open contacts		750 Vrms for 1min. (detection current: 10mA)		
Breakdown voltage	Between contact sets		1,000 Vrms for 1min. (detection current: 10mA)		
(initial)	Between contact and coil		1,000 Vrms for 1min. (detection current: 10mA)		
	Between contact and earth terminal		1,000 Vrms for 1min. (detection current: 10mA)		
Time	Operate [Set] time (initial)		Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms) [Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms)] (at 20°C 68°F, at rated voltage, without bounce		
characteristics	Release [Reset] time (initial)		Max. 4ms (Approx. 1ms) [Max. 4ms (Approx. 2ms)] (at 20°C 68°F, at rated voltage, without bounce without diode)		
	Shock	Functional	Min. 500 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11ms; detection time: 10µs)		
Mechanical	resistance	Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 6ms.)		
characteristics	Vibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3mm (detection time: 10µs)		
	resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5mm		
	Mechanical		Min. 10 ⁸ (at 180 cpm)		
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 10 ⁷ (at 20 cpm) (10mA 10V DC resistive) Min. 10 ⁵ (at 20 cpm) (1A 30V DC resistive)		
Conditions	Conditions for o	operation, transport and storage*	Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
Unit weight			Approx. 2 g .07 oz		

Note: * The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT" in GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES. Allowable temperature is from -40 to 70°C -40 to 158°F at our standard packing condition.

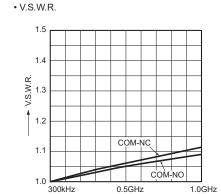
REFERENCE DATA

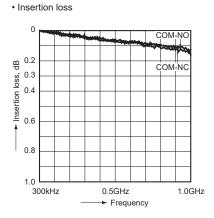
1-(1). High frequency characteristics (Impedance $50\Omega)$

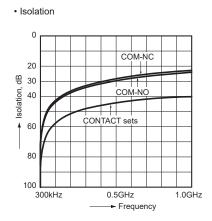
Frequency

Sample: ARA200A12

. Measuring method: Measured by using our PC board for measurement and HP network analyzer (HP8753C).





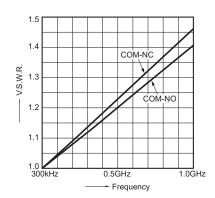


1-(2). High frequency characteristics (Impedance 75Ω)

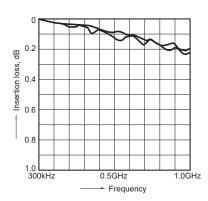
Sample: ARA200A12

Measuring method: Measured by using our PC board for measurement and HP network analyzer (HP8753C).

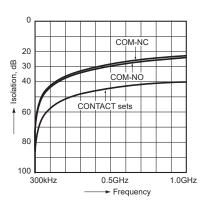
• V.S.W.R.



• Insertion loss



solation

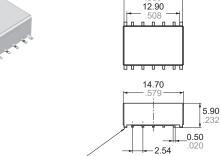


DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD Data mark can be downloaded from https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

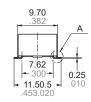
CAD Data





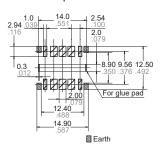
Soldering with PC board earth

(4 ribs)



Tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

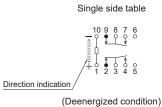
PC board pattern



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Top view) 1 coil latching

(Reset condition)



14.30



(Reset condition)

NOTES

1. Coil operating power

Pure DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, check it with the actual circuit since the characteristics may be slightly different. The nominal operating voltage should be applied to the coil for more than 10 ms to set/reset the latching type relay.

2. Coil connection

When connecting coils, refer to the wiring diagram to prevent mis-operation or malfunction.

3. External magnetic field

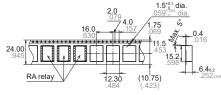
Since RA relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

4. Cleaning

For automatic cleaning, the boiling method is recommended. Avoid ultrasonic cleaning which subjects the relays to high frequency vibrations, which may cause the contacts to stick. It is recommended that alcoholic solvents be used.

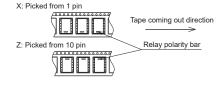
5. Tape and reel packing

1) Tape dimensions

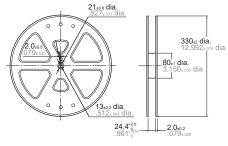


(General tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004)

2) X type, Z type



3) Dimensions of plastic reel



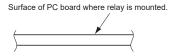
6. Soldering

Manual soldering shall be performed under following condition. Tip temperature: 280°C to 300°C 536°F to 572°F.

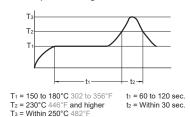
Wattage: 30 to 60W Soldering time: within 5s

In case of automatic soldering, the following conditions should be observed

1) Position of measuring temperature



2) IR (infrared reflow) soldering method



Temperature rise of relay itself may vary according to the mounting level or the heating method of reflow equipment. Therefore, please set the temperature of soldering portion of relay terminal and the top surface of the relay case not to exceed

the above mentioned soldering condition.

It is recommended to check the temperature rise of each portion

under actual mounting condition before use.

The soldering earth shall be performed by manual soldering.

7. Conditions for operation, transport and storage conditions

- 1) Ambient temperature, humidity, and atmospheric pressure during usage, transport, and storage of the relay:
- (1) Temperature:
- -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F
- (2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

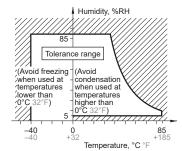
(Avoid freezing and condensation.)

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the

range indicated in the graph below.

(3) Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage:



2) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation.

3) Freezing

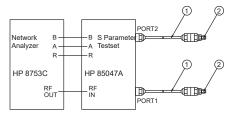
Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperature is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags.

4) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

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8. Measuring method (50Ω type)

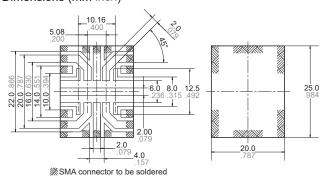


Connect connectors 1 and 2 respectively to PORT1 and PORT2. Perform calibration using the 3.5 mm .138 inch calibration kit (HP85033C).

	No. Product name		Contents
	1	HP 11857D	7mm Test port, Extension cable, (APC7connector)
-	2	HP 11533A	Adapter, APC7-SMA (Male)

After calibration, connect the D.U.T board and measure.

D.U.T. board Dimensions (mm inch)



Material; Glass PTFE

R-4737 (manufactured by our company) Board thickness; t = 0.8mm .031inch

Copper planting thickness; 18µm (Double sided)

Connector (SMA type)

Product name; R125 403 (RADIALL)

Insertion loss compensation; The insertion loss of relay itself is given by subtracting the insertion loss of short-circuit the Com and the NC (or NO). (signal path and two connectors)

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

• Requests to customers :

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

GUIDELINES FOR MICROWAVE DEVICES USAGE

For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay or microwave device switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection

■DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

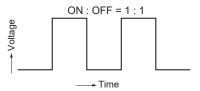
•Maximum allowable voltage for coil

In addition to being a requirement for relay operation stability, the maximum continuous impressed coil voltage is an important constraint for the prevention of such problems as thermal deterioration or deformity of the insulation material, or the occurrence of fire hazards.

Temperature rise due to pulse voltage

When a pulse voltage with ON time of less than 2 minutes is used, the coil temperature rise bares no relationship to the ON time. This varies with the ratio of ON time to OFF time, and compared with continuous current passage, it is rather small. The various relays are essentially the same in this respect.

Current passage time	(%)
For continuousu passage	Tempereture rise value is 100%
ON : OFF = 3 : 1	About 80%
ON : OFF = 1 : 1	About 50%
ON : OFF = 1 : 3	About 35%



Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (Hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Ambient Environment

Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay and microwave device is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

Icing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

•High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Storage requirements

Since the SMD type is sensitive to humidity it is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following.

- Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened.(within 72 hours, Max. 30°C/70% R.H.). If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.
- *For RE relays, after this bag is opened, the product must be used within 24 hours.
- If relays will not be used within 72 hours, please store relays in a humidity controlled desiccator or in an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added.
- *If the relay is to be soldered after it has been exposed to excessive humidity atmosphere, cracks and leaks can occur. Be sure to mount the relay under the required mounting conditions
- *For RE relays, after this bag is opened, the product must be used within 24 hours.

Caution

This vacuum-sealed bag contains

Moisture Sensitive Products

After this bag is opened, the product must be used

within 72 hours

If product is not used within 72 hours, baking is necessary.

For baking conditions please contact us.

3) The following cautionary label is affixed to the anti-humidity pack.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation. Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

*RE Relays only

Caution

This vacuum-sealed bag contains

Moisture Sensitive Products

After this bag is opened, the product must be used

within 24 hours

If product is not used within 24 hours, baking is necessary.

For baking conditions please contact us.

Others

■ Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- Surface mount terminal type relay is sealed type and it can be cleaned by immersion. Use pure water or alcohol-based cleaning solvent
- 3) Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower). Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to the ultrasonic energy.

■Other handling precautions

• Expected switching life is defined under the standard test conditions (temperature 15 to 35°C, humidity: 25 to 75%) specified in JIS C 5442.

Expected switching life is depend on usage conditions; coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. Please check relays and microwave devices on the actual circuit.

Also, pay special attention loads such as those listed below.

 When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous, rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

- Frequent switching under load condition
- When high frequently switched under load condition that can cause arc at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and HNO³ is formed. This can corrode metal materials. Countermeasures for these are.
- 1. Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- 2. Lower the operating frequency
- 3. Lower the ambient humidity
- When used for "Dry switching" without load current, please contact our sales representative.
- Please avoid relays to be used outside of the specification ranges such as the coil rating, contact rating and switching life that may cause abnormal heating, smoke, and fire.
- In case relays and microwave devices are dropped, please do not use.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Panasonic Corporation Please contact Electromechanical Control Business Division ■1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan industral.panasonic.com/ac/e/ **Panasonic**®

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Specifications are subject to change without notice.