



## SCM1211 Series Common Mode Line Filter





#### ◆特征:

- 适用大电流的片式共模滤波器
- 所有系列产品的形状均控制在最小限度 同时共模阻抗超过了70Ω~3000Ω(100MHz时) 能够大幅抑制共模噪音
- 产品的高度尺寸也被控制在较低水平 能够适应不断小型轻量化的便携 式设备的高密度化趋势
- 符合 RoHS.无卤和 REACH

#### ◆用途:

- 用于应对电子设备的电源线噪音 (笔记本电,伺服器,电池,等)
- 适合车载大电流电路
- 无线充电电源装置

#### ◆环境:

工作温度: -40℃ 至+125℃
 (包括线圈自身温升)

### ◆试验设备:

- 电流:HP4284+42841A 或同等仪器
- 阻抗:E4991+ HP16092 测试夹具或同等仪器
- 直流电阻: Chroma 16502 或同等仪器

#### ◆产品型号:

SCM

1	al Will			
类型 Type				
SCM	贴片共模滤波器 SMD Common Mode Line Filter			
4	91-			

	包装 Packing				
В	散装Bulk Package				
Т	编带Tape & Reel				

#### Features:

- Chip common mode filter for large current applications
- •The shape of all series products is controlled to a minimum and the common mode impedance exceeds  $70\Omega\sim3000\Omega$  (at 100MHz), which can greatly suppress common mode noise
- Compatible with high-density portable devices, which are always being made smaller and lighter, because the height has been reduced
- RoHS, Halogen Free and REACH Compliance

#### **Applications:**

- Power line noise countermeasure for electronic equipment (Notebook, server applications, Battery, etc.)
- Best for high current circuit such as car
- wireless charging and power device design

#### **Environmental Data:**

Operating Temperature: -40°C to +125°C
 (Including coils self-temperature rise)

#### **Test Equipment:**

- Isat & Irms: HP4284+42841A or equivalen
- Impedance: E4991 analyzer with HP16092 test fixture or equivalen
- DCR:Chroma 16502 or equivalent

#### Product Identification:

2	A WITH		
外形尺寸(L×W×H) (mm)			
External Dimer	nsions (L×W×H)		
(mm)			
1211	12.0×10.8×6.4		

701 ③

> Impedance 700 Ω

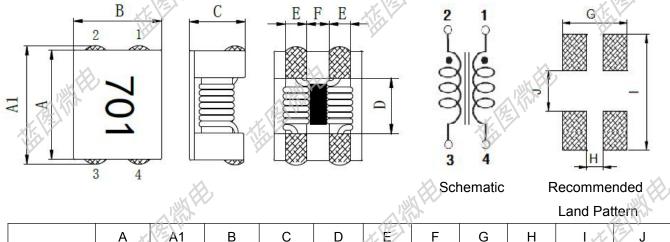
1211





## ◆外观尺寸:

# Shape and Dimensions (dimensions are in mm):



P/N	Α	A1	В	С	D		F	G	Н	L	J
F/IN	±0.5	±0.5	±0.5	Max	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур
SCM1211	12.00	12.50	10.80	6.40	7.00	2.70	2.50	8.50	2.00	12.50	6.50

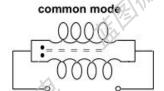
## ◆规格特性:

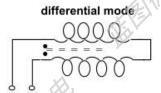
## Specifications:

• SCM1211 Series Electrical Characteristics (Electrical specifications at 25°C)

Part Number	Impedance (Ω) @100MHz		DC Resistance	Rated Current	Rated Voltage	Insulatio Resistance	Marking
	Min	Тур	(mΩ) Max	(A) Max	(V) Max	(MΩ) Min	
SCM1211-800T	80	230	2.0	10.00	125	10M	301
SCM1211-701T	500	700	6.0	8.00	125	10M	701
SCM1211-801T	600	800	8.0	8.00	125	10M	801
SCM1211-102T	750	1000	14.0	6.00	125	10M	102
SCM1211-222T	2200	2500	35.0	1.80	125	10M	222
SCM1211-272T	2300	2700	50.0	1.50	125	10M	272

- Rated Current: the actual value of DC current when the temperature rise is ΔT 40 °C (Ta=25 °C).
- Circuit: Test Mode

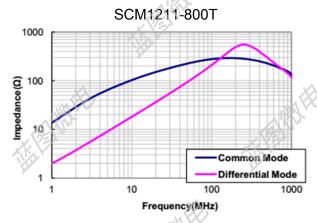


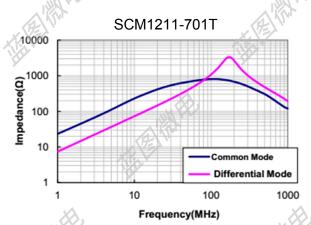


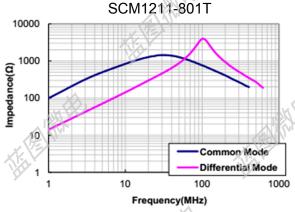


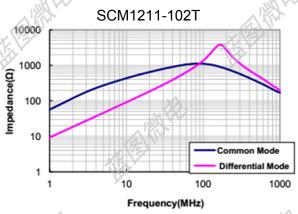


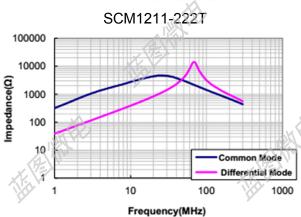
## • Typical Impedance versus Frequency

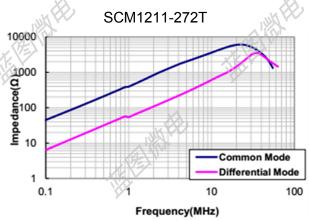








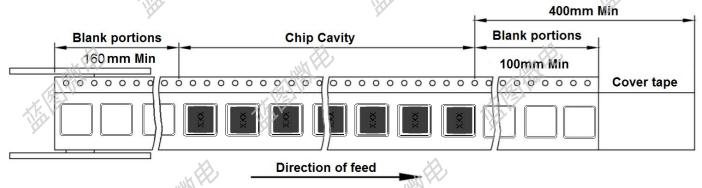




## ◆产品包装:

## Packaging:

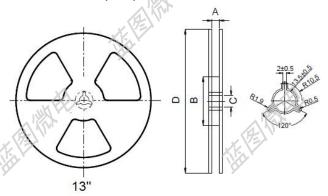
• Tape and Reel Specifications: (Dimensions are in mm)



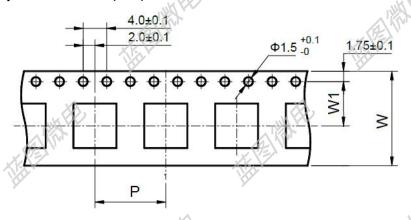




## • Reel Dimensions (mm)

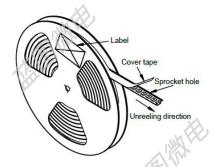


## ●Tape Dimension (mm)

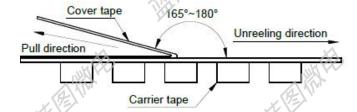


Dort No.	Tape Dimen	sion		Reel Din	nensions	REEL	Inside	Outside
Part No.	W P	W1	Α	В	C	(PCS)	Box(PCS)	Carton(PCS)
SCM1211	24.0 16.0	11.5	24.4	100	13 330	500	1000	4000

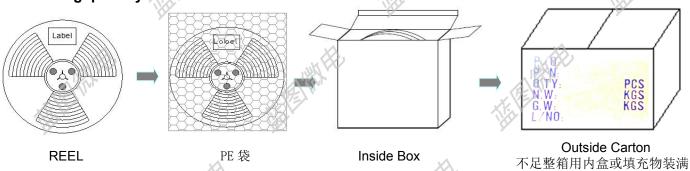
## • Cover tape peel off condition



- a) Cover tape peel force shall be 10 to 120g
- b) Noodle strip peeling angle165° to 180°



## • Packing quantity







# ◆可靠性测试:

# Reliability Testing:

		Trondomty resting.
Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
ments: GB/T 2423.60-2008	1. Pulling test:  Define: A: sectional area of terminal  A ≤ 8mm2 force ≥ 5N time:30sec  8mm2 <a 10n="" 10sec="" 2.solder="" 20mm2="" 20mm2<a="" 20n="" 3.meet="" above="" any="" force="" loose="" paste="" requirements="" td="" terminal<="" the="" thickness:0.12mm="" time:="" without="" ≤="" ≥=""><td>Solder the inductor to the testing jig using leadfree solder. Then apply a force in the Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0mm/s.</td></a>	Solder the inductor to the testing jig using leadfree solder. Then apply a force in the Keep time: 10±1s Speed: 1.0mm/s.
erminal Strength Reference docu ments: GB/T 2423.60-2008 端子強度(DIP)		Pull Force:the force shall be applied gradually to the terminal and thenmaintained for 10 seconds.  F  Pulling test
Resistance to Flexure JIS C 5321:1997 抗弯曲性试验	推進	1.Solder the inductor to the test jig (glass epoxy board  2.shown in Using a leadfree solder. Then apply a force in the direction shown  3.Flexure: 2mm.  4.Pressurizing Speed: 0.5mm/sec.  5.Keep time: 30 sec.
Dropping Reference documents:  GB/T 2423.7-2018	inappearance.	1.Drop the packaged products from 1m high in 1 angle, 3 ridges and 6surfaces, twice in each direction.
落下試驗	ε.ινο σποιτ απά πο ορ <del>ο</del> π.	un conorr.
Solderability Reference documents: GB/T 2423.28-2005	3.Terminals must have 95% minimum solder	<ul> <li>1.Solder temperture:240±2℃</li> <li>2.Duration: 3 sec.</li> <li>3. Solder: Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu.</li> <li>4.Flux: 25% Resin and 75% ethanol in weight</li> </ul>





Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
Vibration Reference documents: GB/T 2423.10-2019 振動試验	1.No visible mechanical damage.  2. Inductance change: Within ±10%.  3.Q factor change: Within ±20%.  Cu pad Solder mask  Glass Epoxy Board	1.Solder the inductor to the testing jig (glass epoxy boardshown in ) using leadfree solder.  2.The inductor shall be subjected to a simple harmonic motion having total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varieduniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 55 Hz.  3.The frequency range from 10 to 55 Hz and return to 10 Hz shallbe traversed in approximately 1 minute. This motion shall be applied for a period of 2 hours in each 3mutually perpendicular directions(total of 6 hours).
推圖機構	造	Freq 55Hz 10Hz 0 1Min Time
- V	1.No visible mechanical damage.	1.Start at ( 85~125℃) for T time, rush to
Thermal Shock	<ul><li>2. Inductance change: Within ±10%.(Mn-Zn: Within ≤30%)</li><li>3.Q factor change: Within ±20%.</li></ul>	(-55~40°C) for T time as one cycle, go through100 cycles.  2.Transforming interval: Max. 20 sec.
Reference documents:	litte in the second sec	3. Tested cycle: 100 cycles.
GB/T 2423.22-2012 Method Na 冷热冲击试验	推進	4. The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hours  125 °C/85 °C  Ambient  Temperature  -55 °C/-40 °C  20sec. (max.)
	in EE	WHE
	1.No visible mechanical damage.	1.Temperature:M(-55~-40±2℃)
	2. Inductance change: Within ±10%.(Mn-Zn:	2.Duration: 96±2 hours
	Within ≦30%)	3.The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for
Reference documents: GB/T 2423.1-2008 Method Ab 低温储存试验	3.Q factor change: Within ±20%.	1~2 hoursbefore measuring.  Room Temp 0 96H Test 97H 98H Time
	<i>⋈</i> ,	M°C Low temperature

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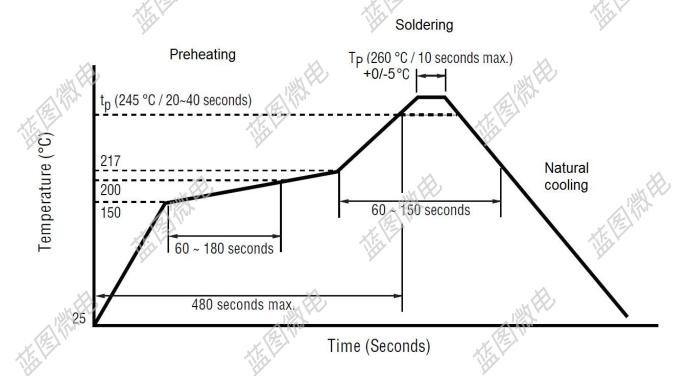
Items	Requirements	Test Methods and Remarks
High temperature Storage Reference documents: GB/T 2423.2-2008 Method Bb 高温储存试验	<ol> <li>No visible mechanical damage.</li> <li>Inductance change: Within ±10%.(Mn-Zn: Within ≤30%)</li> <li>Q factor change: Within ±20%</li> <li>No visible mechanical damage.</li> </ol>	3. The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hoursbefore measuring.  Temp N°C Room Temp 0 96H 97H 98H Time  1. Temperature: 60±2°C
Damp Heat (Steady States) Reference documents: GB/T 2423.3-2016 恒定湿热试验	<ul><li>2. Inductance change: Within ±10%.(Mn-Zn. Within ≤30%)</li><li>3.Q factor change: Within ±20%.</li></ul>	2. Humidity: 90% to 95% RH.  3. Duration: 96±2 hours.  4. The chip shall be stabilized at normal condition for 1~2 hoursbefore measuring.  Temp  Temp  High temperature High humidity  Room Conditions  Test  96H 97H 98H Time
Heat endurance of Reflow soldering Reference documents: GJB 360B-2009 回流焊耐热性试验	1.No significant defects in appearance. 2. △ L/L ≦ 10% (Mn-Zn: △ L/L ≦ 30%) 3. △ Q/Q ≦ 30% (SMD series only) 4. △ DCR/DCR ≦ 10%	1.Refer to the above reflow curve and go through the reflow for twice.  2.The peak temperature : 260+0/-5°C
Resistance to solvent test Reference documents: IEC 68-2-45:1993 耐溶剂性试验	No case deformation or change in appearance or obliteration of marking	To dip parts into IPA solvent for 5±0.5Min,then drying them at room temp for 5Min,at last ,to brushing making 10 times.
Overload test Reference documents: JIS C5311-6.13 过负荷试验	1.During the test no smoke, no peculiar, smell, no fire 2.The characteristic is normal after test	Apply twice as rated current for 5 minutes.
voltage resistance test Reference documents: MIL-STD-202G Method 301 绝缘耐压测试	During the test no breakdown     The characteristic is normal after test	1. For parts with two coils 2. DC1000V, Current: 1mA, Time: 1Min. 3. Refer to catalogue of specific products





### ◆推荐回流焊温度曲线

## Recommended reflow soldering curve:



The recommended reflow conditions as above graph, is set according to our soldering equipment. DUE to various manufactures may have different reflow soldering equipment, products, process conditions, set methods. And so on, when setting the reflow conditions, Please adjust and confirm according to users' environment/equipment.



#### 使用注意事项





● 保存时间为12 个月以内,保存条件(温度5~40°C以下、湿度35 ~ 66%RH 以下),需充分注意 若超过保存时间,端子电极的可焊性将可能老化。

The storage period is within 12 months. Be sure to follow the storage conditions (temperature: 5~40°C, humidity: 35 to 65% RH or less). If the storage period elapses, the soldering of the terminal electrodes may deteriorate.

- 请勿在气体腐蚀环境(盐、酸、碱等)下使用和保存。
  - Do not use or store in locations where there are conditions such as gas corrosion (salt, acid, alkali, etc.).
- 手上的油脂会导致可焊性降低,应避免用手直接接触端子。
   Don't touch electrodes directly with bare hands as oil secretions may inhibit soldering Always ensure optimum conditions for soldering。
- 请小心轻拿轻放,避免由于产品的跌落或取出不当而导致的损坏。
  Please always handle products carefully to prevent any damage caused bydropping down or inappropriate removing。
- 端子过度弯曲会导致断线,请不要过度弯曲端子。
   Don't bend the terminals with excessive stress in case of any wire fracture。
- 不要清洗产品,如需要清洗时请联系我司。
   Don't rinse coils by yourself and please contact SXN if necessary。
- 请勿将本产品靠近磁铁或带有磁力的物体
   Don't expose the products to magnets or magnetic fields
- 在实施焊接前,请务必进行预热。预热温度与焊接温度及芯片温度的温度差要在150°C 以内。 Before soldering, be sure to preheat components. The preheating temperature should be set so that the temperature difference between the solder temperature and chip temperature does not exceed 150°C.
- 安装后的焊接修正应在规格书规定的条件范围内。若加热过度可能导致短路、性能降低、寿命减少。 Soldering corrections after mounting should be within the range of the conditions determined in the specifications. If overheated, a short circuit, performance deterioration, or lifespan shortening may occur.
- 装置会因通电而自我发热(温度上升),因此在热设计方面需留有充分余地。
  Self heating (temperature increase) occurs when the power is turned ON, so the tolerance should be sufficient for the set thermal design.
- 非磁屏蔽型在基板设计时需注意配置线圈,受到电磁干扰可能会导致误动作。
  Carefully lay out the coil for the circuit board design of the non-magnetic shield type. A malfunction may occur due to magnetic interference.