

# UC3842A/3843A

**LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT**

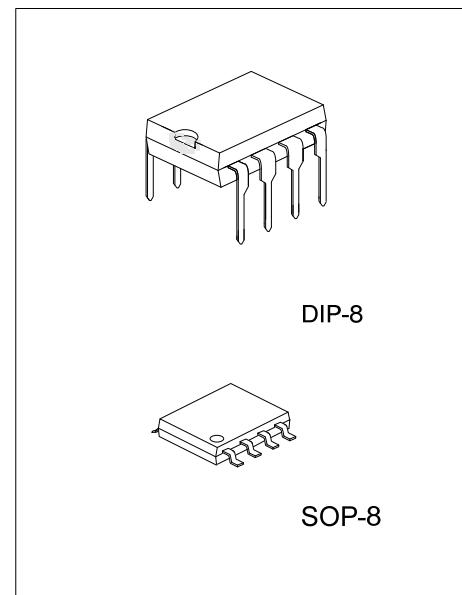
## CURRENT MODE PWM CONTROL CIRCUITS

### ■ DESCRIPTION

The UTC **UC3842A/3843A** provide the necessary functions to implement off-line or DC to DC fixed frequency current mode, controlled switching circuits with minimal external components.

### ■ FEATURES

- \*Low Start Up Current ( Typical 0.12mA )
- \*Automatic Feed Forward Compensation
- \*Pulse-by-Pulse Current Limiting
- \*Under-voltage Lockout with Hysteresis
- \*Double Pulse Suppression
- \*High Current Totem Pole Output to Drive MOSFET Directly
- \*Internally Trimmed Band Gap Reference
- \*500kHz Operation



### ■ ORDERING INFORMATION

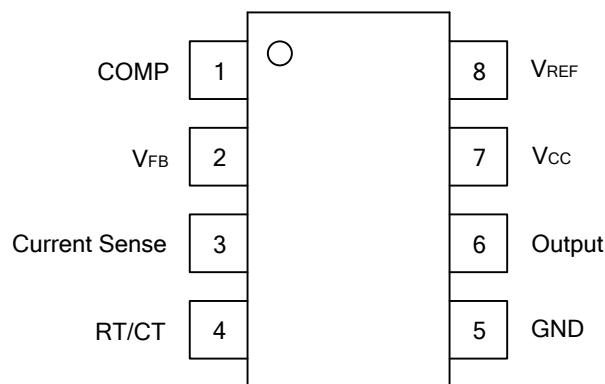
Ordering Number		Package	Packing
Lead Free	Halogen Free		
UC3842AL-D08-T	UC3842AP-D08-T	DIP-8	Tube
UC3842AL-S08-R	UC3842AP-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel
UC3843AL-D08-T	UC3843AP-D08-T	DIP-8	Tube
UC3843AL-S08-R	UC3843AP-S08-R	SOP-8	Tape Reel

UC3842AP-D08-T	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1)Packing Type</li> <li>(2)Package Type</li> <li>(3)Green Package</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) T: Tube, R: Tape Reel</li> <li>(2) D08: DIP-8, S08: SOP-8</li> <li>(3) P: Halogen Free and Lead Free, L: Lead Free</li> </ul>
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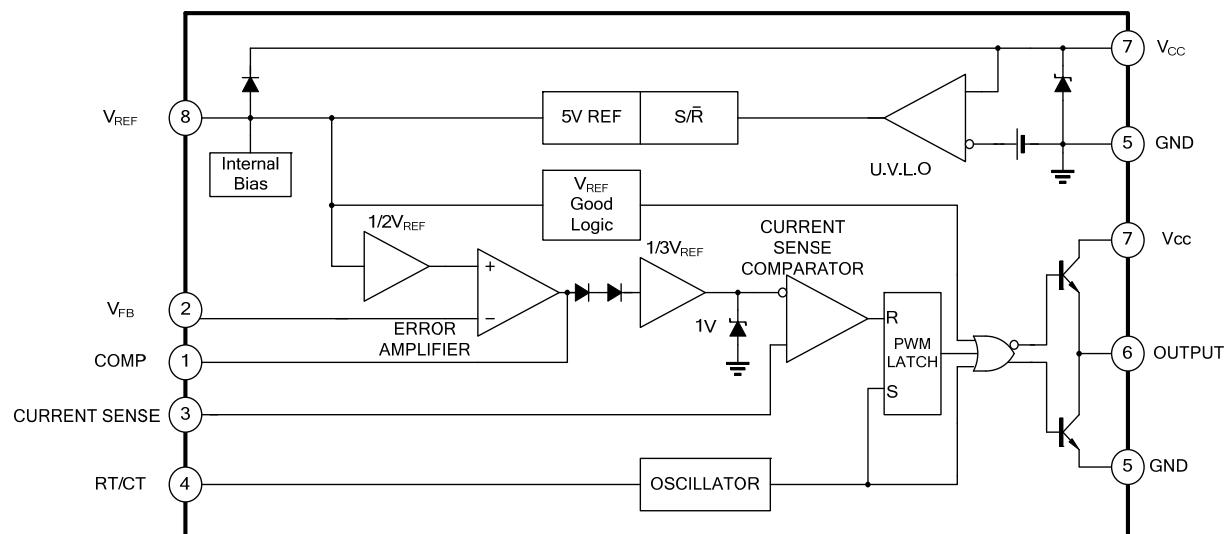
### ■ MARKING

Package	UC3842A	UC3843A
DIP-8	<p>Diagram of a DIP-8 package marking. Pin 1 is at the bottom left, and pin 8 is at the top left. Arrows point to the markings: 'UTC' and 'UC3842A' above the chip, and 'Date Code' to the right of the chip. Below the chip, there are four small squares labeled 'L: Lead Free' and 'P: Halogen Free'. At the bottom, 'Lot Code' is indicated by a bracket under pins 1-4.</p>	<p>Diagram of a DIP-8 package marking for UC3843A. It is similar to the UC3842A marking but with 'UC3843A' instead of 'UC3842A'.</p>
SOP-8	<p>Diagram of an SOP-8 package marking for UC3842A. Pin 1 is at the bottom left, and pin 8 is at the top left. Arrows point to the markings: 'UTC' and 'UC3842A' above the chip, and 'Date Code' to the right of the chip. Below the chip, there are four small squares labeled 'L: Lead Free' and 'P: Halogen Free'. At the bottom, 'Lot Code' is indicated by a bracket under pins 1-4.</p>	<p>Diagram of an SOP-8 package marking for UC3843A. It is similar to the UC3842A marking but with 'UC3843A' instead of 'UC3842A'.</p>

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



### ■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage(Low Impedance Source)	$V_{CC}$	30	V
Supply Voltage( $I_{CC}<30\text{mA}$ )	$V_{CC}$	Self Limiting	V
Analog Inputs (Pin 2,3)	$V_{I(ANA)}$	-0.3 ~ +6.3	V
Output Current (Peak )	$I_{O(Peak)}$	$\pm 1$	A
Error Amplifier Output Sink Current	$I_{SINK(EA)}$	10	mA
Output Energy (Capacity Load)		5	$\mu\text{J}$
Power Dissipation( $T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	DIP-8 SOP-8	P <sub>D</sub> 1250 800 8	mW mW
Derated at $T_A > 25^\circ\text{C}$			$\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{STG}$	-65 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged.

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

( $0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC}=15\text{V}$ ,  $R_T=10\text{k}\Omega$ ,  $C_T=3.3\text{nF}$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
<b>REFERENCE SECTION</b>						
Output Voltage	$V_{REF}$	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$	4.9	5	5.1	V
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF}$	$12 \leq V_{IN} \leq 25\text{V}$		6	20	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{REF}$	$1 \leq I_{OUT} = 20\text{mA}$		15	35	mV
Temperature Stability		(Note 1)		0.2	0.4	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
Total Output Variation		Line, Load, Temp (Note 1)	4.82		5.18	V
Output Noise Voltage	$V_{OSC}$	$10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{kHz}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1)		50		$\mu\text{V}$
Long Term Stability		$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , 1000Hrs (Note 1)		5	25	mV
Output Short Circuit	$I_{SC}$		-30	-100	-180	mA
<b>OSCILLATOR SECTION</b>						
Initial Accuracy	f	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	47	52	57	kHz
Voltage Stability	$\Delta f/\Delta V_{CC}$	$12 \leq V_{CC} \leq 25\text{V}$		0.2	1	%
Temperature Stability		$T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$ (Note 1)		5		%
Amplitude	$V_{OSC}$	$V_{PIN4}$ peak to peak		1.7		V
<b>ERROR AMPLIFIER SECTION</b>						
Input Voltage	$V_{I(EA)}$	$V_{PIN1}=2.5\text{V}$	2.42	2.50	2.58	V
Input Bias Current	$I_{I(BIAS)}$			-0.3	-2	$\mu\text{A}$
AVOL		$2\text{V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 4\text{V}$	60	90		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth		$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 1)	0.7	1		MHz
PSRR		$I_2 \leq V_{CC} \leq 25\text{V}$	60	70		dB
Output Sink Current	$I_{O(SINK)}$	$V_{PIN2}=2.7\text{V}$ , $V_{PIN1}=1.1\text{V}$	2	6		mA
Output Source Current	$I_{O(SOURCE)}$	$V_{PIN2}=2.3\text{V}$ , $V_{PIN1}=5\text{V}$	-0.5	-0.8		mA
$V_{OUT}$ High	$V_{OH}$	$V_{PIN2}=2.3\text{V}$ , $R_L=15\text{k}\Omega$ to GND	5	6		V
$V_{OUT}$ Low	$V_{OL}$	$V_{PIN2}=2.7\text{V}$ , $V_{PIN1}=1.1\text{V}$		0.7	1.1	V

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
<b>CURRENT SENSE SECTION</b>								
Gain	G <sub>V</sub>	(Note 2, 3)		2.85	3	3.15	V/V	
Maximum Input signal	V <sub>I(MAX)</sub>	V <sub>PIN1</sub> =5V (Note 2)		0.9	1	1.1	V	
PSRR		12V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 25V			70		dB	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>BIAS</sub>				-2	-10	μA	
Delay to Output		V <sub>PIN3</sub> =0 to 2V			150	300	ns	
<b>OUTPUT SECTION</b>								
Output Level	Low	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>O(SINK)</sub> =20mA		0.1	0.4	V	
			I <sub>O(SINK)</sub> =200mA		1.5	2.2	V	
	High	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>O(SOURCE)</sub> =20mA		13	13.5	V	
			I <sub>O(SOURCE)</sub> =200mA		12	13.5	V	
Rise Time	t <sub>R</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, C <sub>L</sub> =1nF (Note 1)			50	150	ns	
Fall Time	t <sub>F</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C, C <sub>L</sub> =1nF (Note 1)			50	150	ns	
<b>UNDER-VOLTAGE LOCKOUT OUTPUT SECTION</b>								
Start Threshold	3842A	V <sub>TH(ST)</sub>			14.5	16	17.5	V
	3843A				7.8	8.4	9	V
Min. Operating Voltage	3842A	V <sub>OPR(MIN)</sub>	After Turn On		8.5	10	11.5	V
	3843A				7	7.6	8.2	V
<b>PWM SECTION</b>								
Duty Cycle	MAX	D <sub>(MAX)</sub>			95	97	100	%
	MIN	D <sub>(MIN)</sub>					0	%
<b>TOTAL STANDBY CURRENT</b>								
Start-up Current	I <sub>ST</sub>				0.12	0.3	mA	
Operating Supply Current	I <sub>CC(OPR)</sub>	V <sub>PIN2</sub> =V <sub>PIN3</sub> =0V			11	17	mA	
V <sub>CC</sub> Zener Voltage	V <sub>Z</sub>	I <sub>CC</sub> =25mA			34		V	

Notes: 1. These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

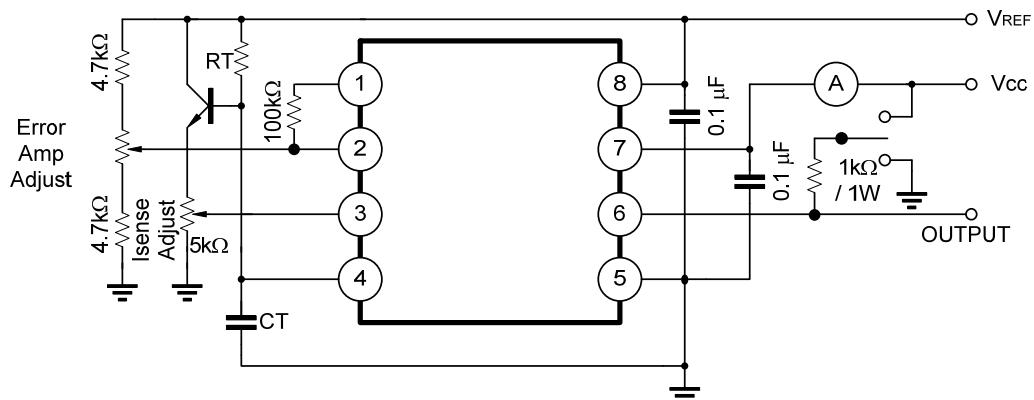
2. Parameters measured at trip point of latch with V<sub>PIN2</sub>=0.

3. Gain defined as:

$$A = \frac{\Delta V_{PIN1}}{\Delta V_{PIN3}} ; 0 \leq V_{PIN3} \leq 0.8V$$

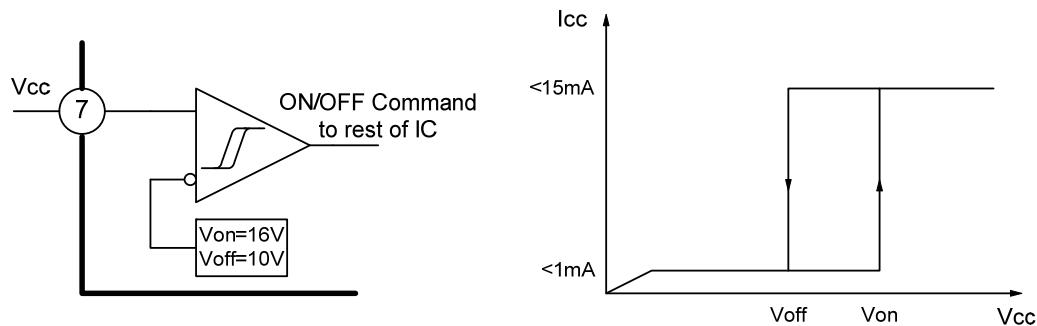
4. Adjust V<sub>CC</sub> above the start threshold before setting at 15V.

■ OPEN-LOOP LABORATORY TEST FIXTURE



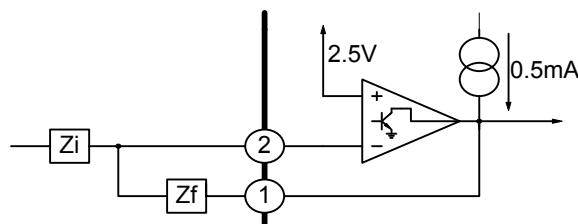
High peak current associated with capacity loads necessitate careful grounding techniques. Timing and bypass capacitors should be connected close to Pin 5 in single point GND. The transistor and 5kΩ potenio-meter are used to sample the oscillator waveform and apply an adjustable Ramp to Pin 3.

■ UNDER-VOLTAGE LOCKOUT



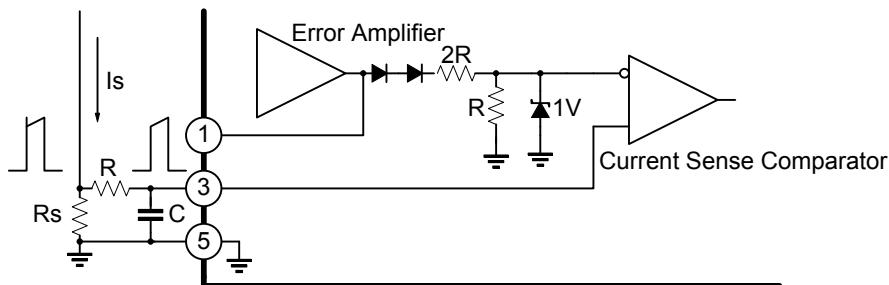
During Under-Voltage Lockout, the output driver is biased to a high impedance state. Pin 6 should be shunt to GND with a bleeder resistor to prevent activating the power switch with output leakage currents.

■ ERROR AMPLIFIER CONFIGURATION



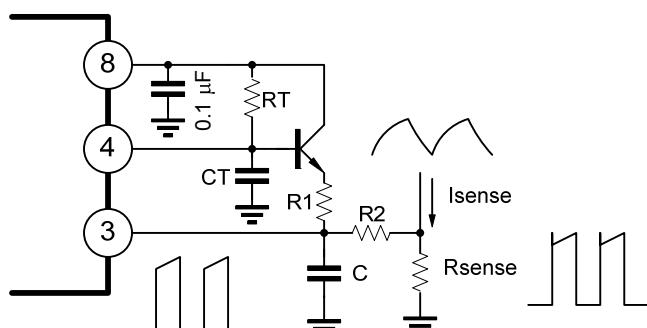
Error amplifier can source or sink up to 0.5mA

■ CURRENT SENSE CIRCUIT



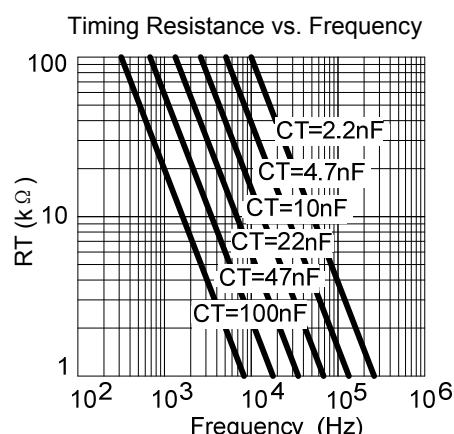
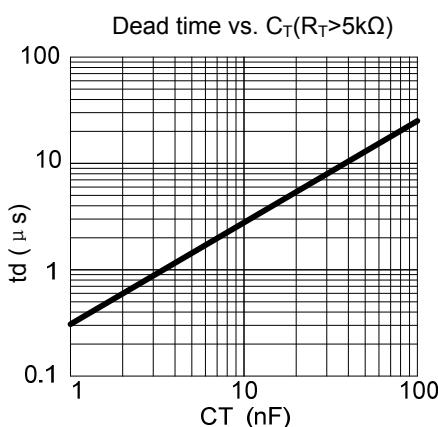
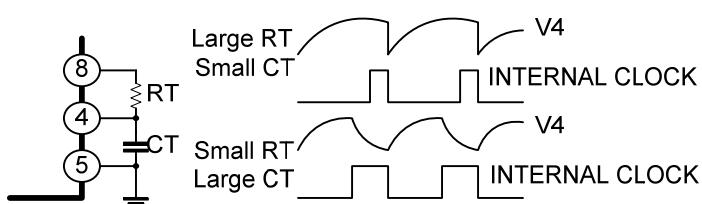
Peak current ( $I_s$ ) determined by the formula:  $I_{sMAX} = 1.0V/R_s$ .  
A small RC filter be required to suppress switch transients.

■ SLOPE COMPENSATION

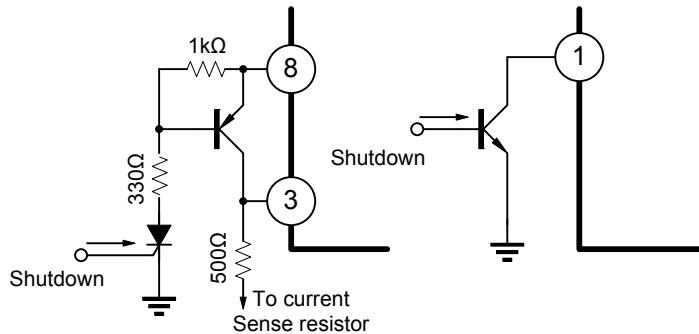


A fraction of the oscillator ramp can be resistively summed with the current sense signal to provide slope compensation for converts requiring duty cycles over 50%. Note that capacitor C, forms a filter with R2 to suppress the leading edge switch spikes.

■ OSCILLATOR SECTION

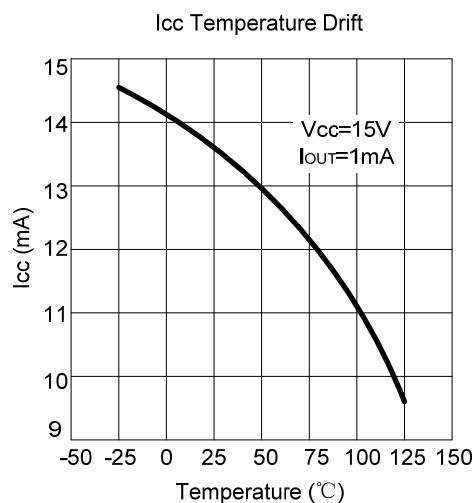
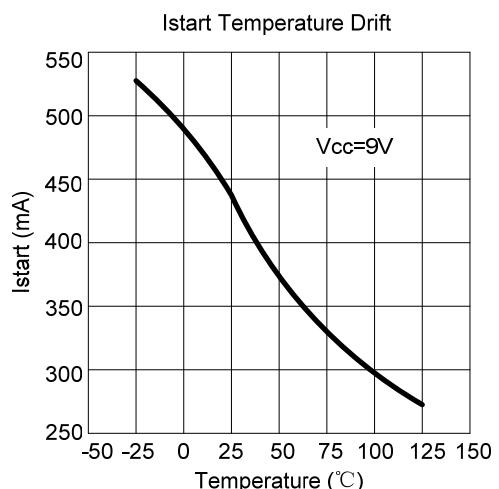
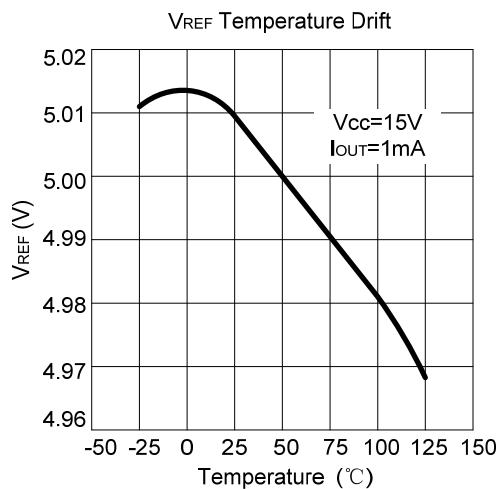
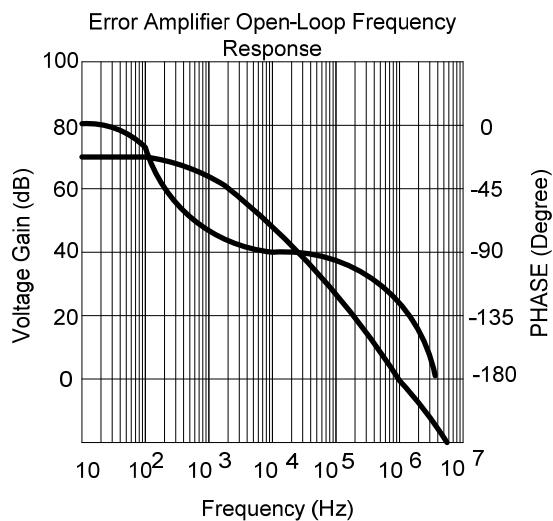
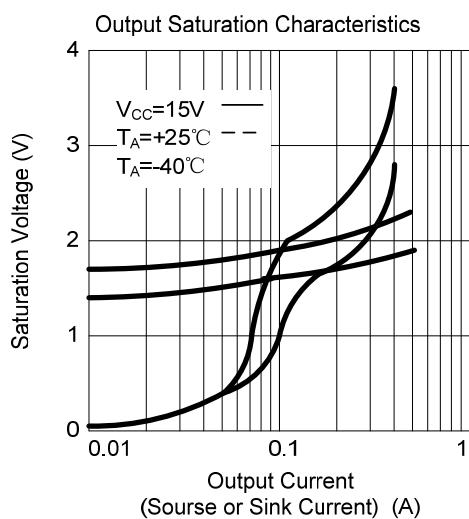


- SHUTDOWN TECHNIQUES



Shutdown UTC **UC3842A** can be accomplished by two methods; either raise Pin 3 above 1V or pull Pin 1 below a voltage two diode drops above ground. Either method caused the output of PWM comparator to be high(refer to block diagram). The PWM latch is reset dominant so that the output will remain low until the next clock cycle after the shutdown condition at Pins 1 and/or 3 is removed. In one example, an externally latched shut-down may be accomplished by adding an SCR which be reset by cycling  $V_{CC}$  below the lower UVLO threshold. At this point the reference turns off allowing the SCR to reset.

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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